

THE TRIPLE CROWN CENTRE



Attendance Policy 2024-25

Approved by The Management Board Date of Next Review: September 2025

The Triple Crown Centre Attendance Policy

Introduction

Regular school attendance is essential if children are to enjoy their education and make good progress.

At The Triple Crown Centre, we believe that regular school attendance is the key to enabling children to maximise the educational opportunities available to them and become emotionally resilient, confident and competent adults who are able to realise their full potential and make a positive contribution to their community.

Some students find it harder than others to attend school. This policy sets out how school staff will work with students, parents, and partners to promote, encourage and support regular attendance at school and remove any barriers to attendance.

Aims

- To set clear expectations and aspirations that all students have a high standard of school attendance and punctuality.
- To improve children's attainment through good attendance.
- To make attendance a priority for everyone.
- To ensure there is a clear process to identify and address emerging attendance concerns
- To work effectively with parents, students, and partners through building trusted relationships to work together to remove barriers to attendance.

To achieve these aims for our students, we are committed to the following:

- a welcoming, stimulating and safe learning environment;
- for all staff to feel happy to come to school to work with students, developing them to their full potential;
- listen to parents and students to understand barriers to attendance
- build trusted relationships with parents and students where attendance concerns can be discussed, understood.
- high expectations of our students and all staff;
- a broad, balanced and relevant curriculum;
- recognise and celebrate achievements in all areas of school life;
- equal access to all aspects of the curriculum and school life;
- high quality teaching using a variety of teaching strategies;
- a range of resources that are effectively used to support and challenge learning;
- provide experiences, which will develop our students' spiritual, moral and cultural understanding;
- support, guidance and training for all those who teach and work with our children;
- foster and maintain links with our wider community

Attendance Partnership Expectations

We expect the following from all of our students:

- To attend school regularly.
- To arrive on time and appropriately prepared for the day, having eaten breakfast
- To talk to a member of staff about any problem or reason that may prevent them from attending school.

We expect the following from parents and carers:

- To ensure their children attend school regularly and punctually;
- To ensure contact is made with school, as soon as is reasonably practical, whenever their child is unable to attend;
- To ensure that their children arrive in school well prepared for the school day, having eaten breakfast.
- To talk to a member of school staff about any problem or reason that may prevent them from attend of school.

Parents and students can expect the following from school:

- Early contact with parents when a student fails to attend school without providing good reason
- Regular, efficient and accurate recording of attendance
- To inform parents if a student's attendance falls below expected levels
- To listen and understand the barriers to school attendance and offer appropriate support and agree appropriate plans to improve attendance.
- Follow up support if needed.

Roles and Responsibilities for Attendance

- The headteacher is the school Attendance Champion, a named senior member of staff with responsibility for attendance issues and can be contacted via the school office
- The first point of contact for parents and students with any attendance concerns is the personal tutor and they can be contacted via the school office
- Members of school staff, both teaching and non-teaching, have responsibility for attendance issues in school.
- AMEND TABLE BELOW OR INSERT RELEVANT INFORMATION

Role	Responsibilities
School	Ensure compliance with relevant legislation (eg student
Management	registration, attendance registers)
Board	Reviewing school attendance
	Agreeing and Reviewing School Policy

Head Teacher and	Compliance with relevant legislation
Attendance	Data analysis and Strategic Plan for attendance.
Champion	 Implementing school policy and leading on whole school approach.
	Authorising/unauthorising absences
	Responding to leave of absence request
	 Ensuring there are clearly defined roles and responsibilities
	for attendance
	Ensuring all staff have appropriate training
	Overview of clear and escalating interventions
	Evaluation of interventions.
	Promoting school attendance.
	Responsibility for links with CSAWS and the LA Statutory
	Team.
Class Teachers	Marking registers
/Personal	Promoting importance of regular school's attendance
Tutors/Achievement	Providing early warning of attendance concerns
Mentors	Positive role modelling
	 Following policy and procedures consistently.
	Point of contact for parents to discuss concerns
	Creating a welcoming environment
School Office	Maintaining registers
	First day calling/text messages
	• Identifying children whose absence needs further follow up action in line with the school absence procedure.
	Late arrivals
	Process for clearing registers
	Administration of school attendance letters, leave of
	absence letters etc.
	Producing attendance reports
	Communication with CSAWS.

- Attendance matters are reviewed by the head and members of the senior management team.
- Attendance issues are reported, on a minimum termly basis, to the Management Board
- School will liaise with the Local Authority Attendance Support Team at a minimum, termly
- School uses Central School Attendance and Welfare Service Ltd (CSAWS) to support the school with the processes associated with children's attendance at school. School employ CSAWS to provide the legal monitoring services and support that will help reduce the number of persistent absent students and improve whole school attendance.

Expected Levels of Attendance

Attending school regularly and on time has a positive impact on learning, progress and therefore the best life chances for students. Research shows that attendance and punctuality are important factors in school success.

98-100%	Excellent. Accessing all learning opportunities
96-97%	Good. Very few learning opportunities missed
94-95%	Risk of under achievement up to 50 missed lessons Up to 10 school days absent in an academic year
92-93%	Risk of under achievement Up to 75 missed lessons Up to 15 school days absent in an academic year.
90-92	Severe risk of under achievement Up to 100 missed lessons Up to 19 school days absent in an academic year
90% and below	Extreme risk of underachievement over 100 missed lessons Student is persistently absent upwards of 22 school days absent in an academic year
50% and below	Extreme risk of underachievement Student is severely absent At least half of all lesson and days missed

<u>Support</u>

Our school procedures follow a support first model expectations set out by the Department for Education in the guidance Working Together to improve school attendance (September 2024).

Our procedures are based around the principles and stages of:

- Preventing poor attendance
- Early intervention and Early Help to address early patterns of poor attendance and agree ways to improve
- Targeted interventions (including Early Help and Formal interventions) for those children who are persistently absent or severely absent
- Understanding barriers to individuals' attendance and agree individual plans for children with specific needs.
- Formal Statutory Interventions where support has not been effective or engaged with.

- We will use attendance data, daily, weekly, half termly and termly to identify children whose attendance is declining and any concerning patterns of attendance.
- We will support students' parents and carers by working together to address any in-school barriers to attendance.
- Where barriers are outside of the school's control, we will discuss and offer support to parents, carers and students also signposting to the right voluntary support.
- Some students find it harder than others to attend school and will need targeted or specialist support.
- Attendance plans will consider individual needs.
- We will use a Graduated Response Assess, Plan, Do, Review, to inform all plans of intervention at each stage including offers of support either formal or informal
- Attendance plans will be reviewed and where improvements haven't improved and barriers to attendance continue plans will be reviewed to understand the reasons for lack of change.



Records will be kept of attendance interventions and action plans

Prevention
Prevention of poor
attendance through good
whole school attendance
management

All -Universal

- All student's consistent application of policy and whole school approach.
- Setting high expectations for all through positive promotion of attendance

97-100%

Excellent. Accessing all learning opportunities

Rewards and incentives

95-97%

Students at risk of lower-than-expected attendance identified through robust weekly tracking

- Letter sent to parents advising of attendance
- Contact with parent and student to explore if any in school barriers to attendance



Early intervention to reduce absence before it becomes habitual Lower than expected levels of attendance and concerning patterns of attendance identified through robust weekly tracking

- Letter 2 sent expressing further concerns
- Telephone contact or meeting with parent to understand barriers to attendance and agree support/actions
- Student Voice

93-95%

91-93%



Targeted reengagement of persistent and severely absent student

Persistent absence

Severe absence

- Meeting with the attendance officer and CSAWS to discuss concerns and agree an action plan to secure attendance (consider in school support)
- Early Help to be explore and signposting to agencies
- Home visits to explore support and reasons for absence
- Student Voice

Student is persistently absent and concerning patterns of attendance identified through robust weekly tracking

- Meeting with attendance lead and CSAWS.
- Referred to CSAWS for interventions including home visits and direct casework
- Consider In School Support (CFSW, SENCO)
 Multi Agency Support and Early Help
- Attendance contract
- Where there is a lack of parental engagement in support of support isn't effective referral to the Local Authority for formal and/or Statutory Procedures

The Triple Crown Centre is responsible for liaising closely with the Local Authority's Attendance Service and will follow their standard approaches in managing attendance issues.

- Where all voluntary support options have not been successful, or have not engaged with, the law protects students' right to an education and provides a range of legal interventions to formalise attendance improvement efforts, and where all other avenues have been exhausted, enforce it through prosecuting parents.
- Solihull Inclusion Team can use the following legal interventions/formalised support; Attendance Contracts, Notice to Improve, issue of Penalty Notices, Education Supervision Orders, Attendance Prosecution, consideration of application of Parenting Orders.
- The above voluntary support options are not appropriate for an unauthorised Leave of Absence in term time.
- Prosecutions for non-school attendance must be conducted in line with the LA Non-school attendance and Penalty Notice code of conduct and the Code for Crown Prosecutors and must pass the evidential and public interest tests.

Legislation and statutory interventions

Parents of registered students have a legal duty under the Education Act 1996 (sec 444) to ensure that children of compulsory school age attend school on a regular and full-time basis. Permitting unauthorised absence from school is an offence and parents may be reported to the Education Authority if problems cannot be resolved by agreement.

All children, regardless of their circumstances, are entitled to a full time education that is suitable to their age, ability, aptitude and any special educational needs they may have. Local authorities have a duty to establish, as far as it is possible to do so, the identity of children of compulsory school age who are missing education in their area.

Parents are responsible for ensuring their children receive education. Estranged parents with whom the child has had regular contact may be prosecuted as well as the day-to-day carer. Each situation must be dealt with on an individual basis, always remembering the welfare and safety of the child is the paramount concern. The term 'parent' also includes those who are not a natural parent but have parental responsibility for the child as defined by the Children Act 1989 or who have care of the child as defined by the Education Act 1996

Penalty Notice Regulations 2024 and Statutory Guidance

Schools must consider whether a penalty notice (fine) is appropriate in each individual case where one of their students reaches the national threshold of 10 unauthorised absences in a rolling 10-week period.

If school considers that the trigger has been a met a a penalty notice is appropriate they will refer to the Local Authority in line with the Local Authority Code of Conduct.

If the Local authority issues a penalty notice it is per parent per child/ The first penalty notice issued to a parent will be charged at £160 if paid within 28 days. This will be reduced to £80 if paid within 21 days.

If the threshold is met a 2nd time in three years and a 2^{nd} Penalty notice is issued to the same parent in relation to the same child – this will a flat rate of £160 if paid within 28 days.

A third penalty notice cannot be issued to the same parent in respect of the same child within 3 years of the date of issue of the first. In a case where the national threshold is met for a third time (or subsequent times) within those 3 years, alternative action should be taken instead. This will often include considering prosecution

Promoting Attendance and Preventing Absence

The Triple Crown Centre actively promotes good and improved attendance through, for example:

- Whole school assemblies
- 1:1 support for all students, with targets set to work towards
- Merits awarded for a full week's attendance at school and improved attendance. Merits then feed into the whole school reward system, with certificates and prizes awarded half termly
- Half termly attendance certificates and prizes
- Letter of praise, including from the school's Education Welfare Office for improved attendance
- Good attendance is recognised in student reports to parents and in references for post-16 provisions

School Day and Punctuality

It is important that students are punctual so that they do not miss out on the beginning of each school day. Children must attend on time to be given a present mark for the session.

If a student arrives late to school every day, their learning begins to suffer. Below is a graph showing how being late to school every-day over a school year adds up to lost learning time.



5 Minutes Late 10 Minutes Late 15 Minutes Late 20 Minutes Late 30 Minutes Late

(Over one academic year)

To access the most from the school day we ask parents to ensure that their children are in school for 08.50am

Children arriving after 9.00am will be late for school and have to report to the school office.

Where a student arrives after the register closes, this will be classed as an unauthorised late absence (code U as per DFE compulsory attendance codes). School registration will close at 9.30am.

The registers are monitored daily and identify students who are arriving late. Regular late arrival for school will be challenged as not acceptable. Students with U codes may be referred to the Local Authority Statutory Team for consideration of Legal Action where the trigger is met.

Absence

If a child is absent from school parents should contact the school on the first day of absence by 9.30am to inform the school of the reason for absence. Parents are expected to maintain contact with the school throughout the absence.

At 9.30am school registers are checked for any absences where there has been no contact by parents and reason given.

School staff will contact parents to ascertain a reason for the child absence from school.

If staff are concerned about a child's absence or there is no response to text messages, they will follow the process in detailed in Appendix 1. This includes telephone calls to parents, telephone calls to other emergency contacts, home visits, referrals to the CSAWS Attendance and Welfare Officer and to the police for a safe and well check.

Where school staff have concerns about a child, they should use their professional judgement and knowledge of the individual student to inform their decision as to whether welfare concerns should be escalated (DFE Attendance guidance 2024)

If the student has a social worker or a youth offending worker they will be notified of any absences with no reason provided

It is imperative that up-to-date contact numbers and details are provided to school.

Schools are required to hold more than one emergency contact per child (KCSIE 2024) Emergency contact numbers should be provided and updated by the parent with whom the student normally resides.

Illness:

Not all illness requires an absence from school. For minor childhood ailments such as coughs, colds, ear aches we would not expect children to be absent. However, when

a parent makes the assessment that their chid is unfit for school they should follow the above absence process.

If your child has symptoms of a respiratory infections and has a temperature or is too unwell to attend school, they should stay at home and avoid contact with others until they no longer have a temperature and are well enough to attend school.

Schools should follow up with families if they are not satisfied with the reason as to why the student is not in school. Schools can request supporting evidence from the family. Where the school is not satisfied with the reason given for absence, they may record this using one of the unauthorised absence codes.

If you are unsure if your child should attend school please contact the school office who will offer advice and guidance or signpost you to the relevant service.

It is a school's decision whether to accept a reason for a child's absence and whether to authorise that absence. In the majority of cases, a parent's explanation of their child's illness can be accepted without question or concern. In circumstances where there are concerns about a child's attendance or reason for absence, further evidence of a child's illness may be requested.

School will challenge parents' statements or seek additional evidence if they have any concerns regarding a child's attendance.

In fact, it is good practice to have clear systems in place to escalate any concerns about high levels of absence due to illness, including agreements about accessing addition services in order to provide appropriate support to students, particularly for long term illness.

The types of scenarios when medical evidence may be requested include:

- Child is absent and there are frequent odd days absences due to reported illness
- Child is absent and the same reasons for absence are frequently repeated
- Child is absent and attendance is below expected levels and there is a concerning pattern of absence/reasons for absence.
- Where there is a medical problems and school may need evidence to seek additional support/provide support
- There are conflicting reasons for absence

Medical appointments

Parents should avoid making routine medical appointments and dental appointments during the school day. In the majority of cases, appointments can be made outside of the school day/during the school holidays.

Where appointments have to be taken during the school day, parents should request permission for their child to be absent in advance whenever possible. Only the time

for the appointment and travel to and from will be classed as an authorised absence. Students are expected to return to school for the remainder of the day/attend school prior to the appointment.

Parents are required to provide a copy of the appointment letter or card prior to the day of the appointment. Absences will only be authorised when this information has been received.

Reintegration of Long Term Absentees

Absence can significantly interrupt the continuity of students learning, and positive strategies should be employed to minimise such effects.

Key Principles

- We should always keep in touch with a student/and his/her family during a long absence.
- We should always make sure he/she is welcomed back
- We should never make sarcastic comments about an absence a thoughtless word can destroy hours of work by staff.

Head Teacher and SENDCo to consider a phased return where appropriate. Consideration needs to be given to any special needs the student may have and appropriate support identified. Consideration must be given to providing a mentor (staff member/student)

Class Teachers should ensure that the student feels welcomed back to school in an appropriate way and take any necessary steps to support their re-integration.

Other reasons for absences:

Other reasons for absence must be discussed with the school on each occasion. Notes will not necessarily be accepted as providing valid reasons. The school will follow DFE guidance and not authorise absences for shopping, birthdays or child minding.

Religious Observance

The Triple Crown Centre acknowledges the multi-faith nature of British society and recognises that on some occasions, religious festivals may fall outside school holiday periods or weekends and this necessitates a consideration of authorised absence or special leave for religious observance. It is reasonable for a parent to allow their children not to attend school on any day of religious observance if recognised by the parent's religious body. However, parents are requested to give advance notice to the school if they intend their child to be absent. Religious bodies maybe contacted to verify these occasions.

Mobile Children

The School Attendance (Student Registration) (England) Regulations 2024 and the *Working together to improve school attendance* guidance use the term 'mobile child' to describe a child of compulsory school age who has no fixed abode and whose parent is engaged in a trade or business that requires them to move from place to place. This is a new term but covers the same children as section 444(6) of the Education Act 1996.

No fixed abode' means that someone either does not have a settled place where they can live full-time, or they have a place where they can live full-time but they spend substantial periods of time not living there. So a mobile child could be a child whose family travels all year round as part of their trade or business and has no permanent address at all, but it also includes a child who does have a fixed place to live (like a house) but does not live there for a substantial part of the year, if their parent is engaged in a trade or business that requires them to travel from place to place. If the child is absent from school while travelling with that parent, then code T applies.

Requests for Leave of Absence (exceptional circumstances)

• The law states a leave of absence may only be granted by a school if an application is made in advance and if it considers there are exceptional circumstances relating to the application.

Expectations

- A leave of absence is granted entirely at the school's discretion. Permission for a Leave of Absence from a school may only be given by a person who the school's proprietor has authorised to do so (an authorised person).
- Schools must judge each application individually considering the specific facts and circumstances and relevant background context behind each request.
- Generally, a need or desire for a holiday or other absence for the purpose of leisure and recreation would not constitute an exceptional circumstance.
- Where a leave of absence is granted, the school will determine the number of days a student can be absent from school.
- When making an application for Leave of Absence parents are advised to give sufficient information and time to allow the Head teacher the opportunity to consider all the exceptional circumstances and to notify the parents of their decision. The school may also request further information on the application and supporting documentation where appropriate.

- It is advised that if the resident parent has not received notification or a response regarding the leave of absence application, it is their responsibility to ascertain if the leave is authorised prior to the start of the leave.
- The school can only consider applications for Leave of Absence which are made by the resident parent. i.e the parent with whom the child normally resides.
- Where applications for Leave of Absences are made in advance and refused, the child is expected to be in school on the dates set out in the application. If the child is absent during that period, it will be recorded as an "unauthorised" absence. Where a leave of absence is requested but additional days take either prior to or after the request, they may be considered as part of the leave of absence.
- Leave of Absences which are not made in advance cannot be authorised in line with legislation. This will result in the absence being recorded as 'unauthorised'.

Procedure for requesting a planned absence:

- All leave of absence requests will be unauthorised unless the circumstances are exceptional. A parent/carer should complete an absence request form (Appendix 2) and submit this to the school at least two weeks prior to the date required. School will respond to the request within two weeks. If school is aware of any language difficulties that may preclude a request form being completed appropriate support will be offered to the parent/carer.
- DFE guidelines make clear that leave of absence during term-time should be regarded as exceptional.
- If a parent/carer considers they require their child to have a leave of absences for exceptional circumstances they should complete the absence request form which can be obtained from the school office (Appendix 2). There is a requirement that parent/carers provide evidence of the exceptional circumstance and may be required to meet with the Head teacher.
- Where the head teacher is satisfied that there **are** exceptional circumstances to warrant the request of the leave of absence but has additional concerns such as the timing of the absence, the students attendance record, they may use the absence leave calculator
- If the Head teacher deems that the reasons for the request are exceptional and authorises the absences a letter confirming that the request has been authorised will be sent to the parent/carer (appendix 3 : model pro forma)
- If the Headteacher deems that the reasons are not exceptional and the leave of absence will not be authorised. A letter informing the parents of this

decision for each child and warning of the legal implications of the absence been taken will be sent to each parent. The letter provided in this guidance (appendix 4) must be used.

• If once notified in writing of the decision to unauthorise the leave of absence, the absence is taken it will be marked as an unauthorised absence on the students register. If the trigger of 10 unauthorised absences (sessions) is met then the absences should be referred immediately to the Education Enforcement Team for consideration and could result in the issue of a fixed penalty notice.

Attendance, Safeguarding and Children Absent from Education

A child absent from education is a potential indicator of abuse or neglect. School should follow the school's procedures for dealing with children that go absent from education, particularly on repeat occasions, to help identify the risk of abuse and neglect, including sexual exploitation and criminal exploitation, and to help prevent the risks of their going missing in future.

All schools are required to make the local authority aware of every registered student who fails to attend school regularly and any children who have been absent from school, where the absence has been treated as unauthorised for a continuous period of not less than 10 school days education (Student Registration) (England) Regulations 2024 regulation 13).

Schools are permitted to remove compulsory-school-aged children from roll on the limited grounds set out in regulation 9 of the Education (Student Registration) (England) Regulations 2024.

Removing a child from the school roll is a very important decision. Children who fall out of the education system are likely to have poor outcomes and may be exposed to increased risk of harm. Schools must follow correct procedures to ensure that they do not breach their legal and safeguarding duties.

All schools (including academies and independent schools) must notify their local authority when they are about to remove a student's name from the school admission register under any of the fifteen grounds listed in the 2024 regulations

Schools must make reasonable enquiries to establish the whereabouts of the child jointly with the CME officer, before deleting the student's name from the register if the deletion is under regulation 9(1), sub-paragraphs (h) and (i).

Appendix 3 details the local Procedures that School follows

This attendance policy is part of a broader suite of safeguarding policies including the school's Child Protection Policy and Procedures.

Truancy within school

The Triple Crown Centre monitors attendance to each lesson period of the school day, in order to ensure all students are safe in school and whereabouts known. If a student does not present to scheduled lessons/activities, the school office is informed and staff alerted to find missing students. If students cannot be located and are suspected of leaving school premises, parents will be informed and the police notified of a missing child.

Registers

An accurate and consistent registration system is crucial both to provide a solid foundation for analysis of absence and to support any statutory interventions.

The register is a legal document and must be kept accurately. Attendance registers will be kept in accordance with legal requirements, local authority guidelines and school regulations

On each occasion the register is taken the appropriate national attendance and absence code must be entered for every student (of both compulsory and non-compulsory school age) whose name is listed in the admission register at the time (except for a student who is a boarder)

Absence can only be authorised by a person designated to do so by the head teacher see The Education (Student Registration) (England) Regulations 2024

There are procedures in place to resolve unexplained absences within 5 working days.

School complies with and uses the DFE Compulsory National Attendance Codes to categorise absence (Appendix 2).

Use of Attendance Data

Schools must provide specific student information on request to the Secretary of State The Education (Information About Individual Students) (England) (Amendment) Regulations 2024 (legislation.gov.uk)

We meet this requirement by sharing their school attendance data directly from our management information system.

We are also required to make data returns to the Local Authority:

New Student and Deletion returns: notifying the local authority when a student's name is added to or deleted from the school admission register outside of standard transition times.

Attendance returns: providing the local authority with the names and addresses of all students of compulsory school age who fail to attend school regularly or have been absent for a continuous period of ten school days where their absence has been recorded with one or more of the codes statistically classified as unauthorised (G, N, O, and/or U).

Sickness returns: providing the local authority with the full name and address of all students of compulsory school age who have been recorded with code I (illness) and who the school has reasonable grounds to believe will miss 15 days consecutively or cumulatively because of sickness..

We collect, use and store attendance information about our students and may receive information about you from your previous school. The information we keep regarding attendance includes name, contact details, attendance records, late records and any relevant medical information.

Attendance is reviewed at a minimum half termly, where there is cause for concern, this information is shared with CSAWS during regular attendance meetings held at school. CSAWS then follow up attendance concerns with parents and carers on school's behalf.

We meet termly with the Local Authority for Attendance Targeting Support Meetings where attendance data is shared and discussed

Information regarding attendance concerns may also be shared with the Local Authority as part of statutory processes.

The Head teacher will analyse attendance data half termly for whole school and groups of students. This will be shared with governors and used to inform the strategic plan to improve school attendance.

Attendance Data will be shared with class teachers in preparation for Student progress reviews and parents' evenings and to target interventions.

Attendance Data will be produced and used to promote attendance through the school newsletter, website and rewards and incentives

APPENDIX A

TRIPLE CROWN CENTRE

ABSENCE REQUEST FORM

Form to be returned to the school office with a minimum of two weeks notice

Please note that there is no automatic right for pupils to be granted leave of absence and requests will only be considered where there are exceptional circumstances.

will only be considere	ed where there a	re exception	ai circumsta	ances.			
Name of Pupil				Class			
Date of Birth							
Please detail below th You may be invited int (Please attach any su	to school to discus	s your reques					
•••••	•••••						
Address							
Please enter below th	e dates of the req	uested abser	ice.				
				`	,	,	
(first date of absence)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	/ (lasi	date of abs	ence)	/	./	
Number of school day	s that your child v	will be absent	from school				
Signature				Date			
Name of Parent/Care	٢						
Leave of absence	which has not b					These ma	ay be
For School Use:							
Date received?]					
Previous requests for le	ave of absence		Yes / No				
Evidence provided for e	xceptional circums	tance	Yes / No				
Arrange to meet with Pa	arent/Carer		Yes / No				
Head teacher decision t	o authorise		Yes / No	Code			

Insert full Name of Parent Applying Insert Full Address

			Date:
Dear <mark>(individual Parent</mark>),			
Child:	DOB:	Class:	
Dates applied for:	to		

Thank you for your recent leave of absence request form dated.....in respect of the above Pupil.

On this occasion I am unable to authorise your child's leave of absence because

Section 444 of the Education Act 1996 states that: If a child of compulsory school age, who is a registered pupil at a school, fails to attend regularly at the school his/her parent(s)/carers are guilty of an offence.

If you decide to go ahead with the proposed leave of absence, (name of child) absence of (how many sessions) will be marked in the register as unauthorised. These unauthorised absences are referred to Solihull MBC and this may result in the issue of a Penalty Notice of £160. Failure to pay the Penalty Notice may lead to prosecution and a criminal record.

Please be aware that the statutory guidance, Working Together to Improve School Attendance, states that if you have received 2 penalty notices in the last 3 years for the same child, a further penalty notice will not be issued and will be directed straight to court for prosecution.

If you wish to discuss this matter further please contact me.

Yours sincerely

Headteacher

insert full Name of	additional Parent
Insert Full Address	

|--|

Dear (individual Parent),

Child: DOB: Class:

Dates applied for: to

We have received a leave of absence request form dated from (name of parent that applied) in respect of the above child.

On this occasion I am unable to authorise your child's leave of absence because...

Section 444 of the Education Act 1996 states that: If a child of compulsory school age, who is a registered pupil at a school, fails to attend regularly at the school his/her parent(s)/carer is guilty of an offence.

If you decide to go ahead with the proposed leave of absence, (name of child) absence of (how many sessions) will be marked in the register as unauthorised. These unauthorised absences are referred to Solihull MBC and this may result in the issue of a Penalty Notice f £160. Failure to pay the Penalty Notice may lead to prosecution and a criminal record.

Please be aware that the statutory guidance, Working Together to Improve School Attendance, states that if you have received 2 penalty notices in the last 3 years for the same child, a further penalty notice will not be issued and will be directed straight to court for prosecution.

If you wish to discuss this matter further please contact me.

Yours sincerely

Headteacher

insert full Name of Parent Insert Full Address	Applying	
		<mark>Date</mark>
Dear <mark>(individual Parent</mark>),		
Child:	DOB:	Class:
Dates applied for:	to	
Unfortunately, you did n	ot submit the fo	nce request form datedin respect of the above Pupil. orm within the appropriate timeframe as per school`s not been able to notify you prior to taking the leave that it
On this occasion I am una	able to authorise	your child's leave of absence because
		states that: If a child of compulsory school age, who is a regularly at the school his/her parent(s)/carers are guilty
Unfortunately you did not Attendance Policy.	submit the form v	within the appropriate timeframe as set out in our schools
child) absence of (how munauthorised absences a	<mark>any sessions)</mark> ha re referred to So	posed leave of absence without prior consent, <i>(name of ave been marked in the register as unauthorised. These blihull MBC and this may result in the issue of a Penalty Notice may lead to prosecution and a criminal record.</i>
states that if you have re	ceived 2 penalty	nnce, Working Together to Improve School Attendance, notices in the last 3 years for the same child, a further e directed straight to court for prosecution.
If you wish to discuss this	matter further ple	ease contact me.
Yours sincerely		
Headteacher		

insert full Name of	<mark>additional Parent</mark>
<mark>Insert Full Address</mark>	

		Date
Dear (individual Parent),		
Child:	DOB:	Class:
Dates applied for:	to	
in respect of the above	child. Unfortunat ur schools attenda	nest form dated from (name of parent that applied) ely, this form was not submitted within the appropriate ince Policy and therefore we have not been able to notify e unauthorised.
On this occasion I am un	able to authorise	your child's leave of absence because
		states that: If a child of compulsory school age, who is a regularly at the school his/her parent(s)/carers are guilty
Unfortunately you did not Attendance Policy.	t submit the form v	vithin the appropriate timeframe as set out in our schools
child) absence of (how note in authorised absences a	nany sessions) ha are referred to So	posed leave of absence without prior consent, <i>(name of</i> ve been marked in the register as unauthorised. These lihull MBC and this may result in the issue of a Penalty Notice may lead to prosecution and a criminal record.
states that if you have re	eceived 2 penalty	nce, Working Together to Improve School Attendance, notices in the last 3 years for the same child, a further edirected straight to court for prosecution.
If you wish to discuss this	s matter further ple	ease contact me.
Yours sincerely		
Headteacher		

insert full Name of parent applying for the LOA Insert Full Address

		<mark>Date</mark>
Dear (individual Parent),		
Child:	DOB:	Class:
Dates applied for:	to	
Thank you for your recent	t leave of abse	nce request form datedin respect of the above child.
occasion I am able to au	uthorise your c	ven serious consideration I write to confirm that on this child's leave of absence because In making this nd evidence for the exceptional circumstances.
Yours sincerely		
Headteacher		

APPENDIX C

insert full Name of ind Insert Full Address of				
			Date	
Dear <mark>(individual Parer</mark>	<mark>nt</mark>),			
Child:	DOB:	Class:		
Re Leave of absence	es request for pup	oil detailed above		
We have reason to be head teacher during the landerstand this abs	no poriod to	<u> </u>		_
calling, social media, attention needs to be	pupil information,			
As stated in the scho authorise absence onl an exceptional circum	y in exceptional cir	rcumstances. I do n	ot believe that you	ur reason amounts to
Section 444 of the Energistered pupil at a section an offence.				•
(pupil name) absence to Solihull MBC and to Penalty Notice may le	his may result in t	the issue of a Penal	Ity Notice of £160	
If you wish to discuss	this matter further	please contact me.		
Yours sincerely				
Headteacher				

APPENDIX D

National Attendance and Absence Codes

Code	Meaning	Statistical Value
/	Present at school AM	Attending (Present)
\	Present at school PM	Attending (Present)
L	Late arrival before register is closed	Attending (Present)

K	Attending Education provision arranged the LA	Attending an approved
		educational activity (present)
V	Attending an Educational visit or trip	Attending an approved
		educational activity (present)
Р	Participating in a Sporting Activity	Attending an approved
	P code can only be used if the student is present at the activity	educational activity (present)
W	Attending Work Experience	Attending an approved
		educational activity (present)
В	Attending any other approved Educational Activity	Attending an approved
		educational activity (present)
D	Dual Registered at another school	Not a possible attendance
		(neither present or absent)

C1	Leave of absence – performance or regulated employment	Authorised absence
	abroad	
M	Leave of absence for Medical or dental Appointment	Authorised absence
J1	Leave of absence for Interview	Authorised absence
S	Leave of absence for Studying for public examination	Authorised absence
X	Non – Compulsory School age student not required to attend	Not a possible attendance
	school	
C2	Leave of absence – compulsory school age student subject to	Authorised absence
	part time / reduced timetable	
С	Leave of absence for exceptional	Authorised absence
Т	Parent travelling for occupational purposes	Authorised absence
R	Religious Observance	Authorised absence
I	Illness (not medical appointment)	Authorised absence
E	Suspended or Permanently excluded with no alternative	Authorised absence
	provision made	
G	Leave of absence not granted by school	Unauthorised absence
N	Reason for absence not yet established	Unauthorised absence
0	Absent in other or unknown circumstances	Unauthorised absence
U	Arrived in school after registration closed	Unauthorised absence

Q	Unable to attend school because of lack of access arrangements (travel)	Not a possible attendance
Y1	Unable to attend due to transport normally provided not being available	Not a possible attendance

Y2	Unable to attend due to widespread travel disruption (e.g. train	Not a possible attendance
	strikes)	
Y3	Unable to attend due to part of the school premises being closed	Not a possible attendance
	(e.g. RAAC)	
Y4	Unable to attend due to the whole school site being unexpectedly	Not a possible attendance
	closed (e.g. burst water mains)	
Y5	Unable to attend as student is in criminal justice detention	Not a possible attendance
Y6	Unable to attend in accordance with public health guidance or law	Not a possible attendance
	(e.g. Covid self-isolation, Strep-A)	
Y7	Unable to attend because of any other unavoidable cause	Not a possible attendance